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TRAVELER'S GUIDE

Washington Branch Railroad.

Trains run as follows:
From Washington at 6 a. m., connecting at Belay with trains from the West, and at Baltimore with those for Philadelphis and New York.

At 8.50 a. m. for Annapolis, Baltimore, Philadelphis and New York.

At 8.50 m. for Baltimore and Norfolk, and at Belay with the Frederick train.

Express at 4.20 p. m. at Relay for the West, and for Annapolis, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

York.
On Sunday at 7 a. m. and 4.20 p. m.
From Baltimore to Washington at 4.15fand 9.15 a.
m. 78 and 5.15 p. m.
On Sunday 4.75 a. m. and 5.15, p. m.

Cars and Boats for the South. For New Orleans via Aquia creek, the boats leave at 6 s. m. and 7 p. m., or on arrival of the Northern For the South, via the Orange and Alexandria and the Virginia Central railroads, cars leave Alexandria at 7 % a. m. and 8 % p. m.

Stages from Washington.

1 41/4 a. m. lechanicsville, Md., leave

The Mails. First Northern and Eastern Mail closes at 9 p. m., departing at 5 a. m., next morning, (except Sundays) and arrives at 5 a. m. Second Northern and Eastern Mail closes at 8 %

p. m., and arrives at 7 p. m., except Sunday.

First Southern Mail closes at 6 p. m., and arrives Second Southern Mail closes at 9 p. m., and arrives ro Mail closes at 2 p. m., and arrives at 5

Northwestern Mait closes at 2 p. m., and arrives at 5 p. m.
Norfolk and Portsmouth Mail closes at 2 p. m., and arrives at 11½ daily, except Sunday.
Annapolis Hail closes at 3½ p. m. and 9 p. m., except Sunday, and arrives at 11½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Leesburg Mail closes on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 p. m., and arrives same days at 7½ p. m.
Rockville Mail closes at 9 p. m., except Sunday, departing at 7 a. m., and arrives at 6 p. m.
For Tobacco Mail closes at 9 p. m., except Sunday, departing at 7 s. m., and arrives at 6 p. m.
Leonardtown Mail closes on Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday at 9 p. m., and arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7½ p. m.
Colesville Mail closes on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 p. m., and arrives on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 p. m.
Georgetown Mail closes at 3½ p. m. and 9 p. m., and arrives at 5 a. m. and 3 p. m.
Upper Mariboro Mail closes daily, except Sunday, at 9 p. m., and arrives at 5 p. m.

Post Office Hours. The office is kept open for the delivery of letters and papers from 8 a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m. except a Sunday, when it is open from 8 to 10 a. m., and rom 6 to 7 p. m.

Postage on all letters and transient newspapers to laces within the United States must be pre-paid.

(Signed)

JAMES G. BERRET, Postmaster.

Telegraph Offices. Telegraph Offices.

House's Printing Telegraph National Hotel, entrance of Sixth street, one door north of Pennsylvania svenue. To New York via Baltimore, Philadelphia, and intermediate points; connecting at New Aurk with the Bastern line to St. Johns and the Western lines to New Orleans.

Magnetic Telegraph, National Hotel, corner of 6th street and Pennsylvania Avenue. To New York, connecting as above with the extreme East and

beard cities.

Western Te' graph, Pennsylvania Avenue, h
tween Sixth at 1 Seventh streets, over Gilman's dra
store. To Wheeling and intermediate points co
secting with all the Western and Northwester

T. K. GRAY ASHIONABLE TAILOR, D Street, one door west of National In Office, Washington, D. C.

J. M. BURKE, BOOT AND SHOEMAKER, No. 607, Seventh street, Island, Washington Oity, D. C. P. S. Repairing done in the most nest and sub-

"The Perpetuation of American Freedom is our object A

rican Rights our motto; and the American Party our cognomen."

VOL. I.

MENT MO

WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1857.

TO ALL THATVALUE THEIR SIGHT

BROOKLYN ORTHOPARDIC INSTITUTION,
April, 1854.

After most careful examination of Mr J. Tobias's Glasses, I am enabled to testify that their hardness, elearness, polishing, and exact optical shape, render them particularly recommendable to those whose merely optical impairment of the eyes are in want of such auxiliaries. I consider, moreover, Mr. Tobias fully qualified to determine the focus of the eye, both by his optical knowledge and experience, and by means of his optometer. In addition, I can further state, that Mr. Tobias has supplied some of my patients with Glasses, to their and my entire satisfaction.

Physician and Surgeon, Berlin; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England; Member of the Medical Society of London, and of the Pathological Society of New York; late Surgeon of the Royal Orthopsedic Institution of Manchester, England, and Surgeon of the B. O. Institution.

land, and Surgeon of the B. O. Institution.

Copy of a testimonial which appeared in the Daily American Organ, May 21, 1855, from Judge V. Ellis, (late editor:)

"Having suffered for many years past with weakness of the eyes, and that defect of vision which results from a too constant and intense use of these sensitive organs, we were led to make a trial of Tobias's new and improved discovery for the eyes, whose name heads this article. We saw them recommended by sundry gentlemen of Virginia, whom we know, and therefore had less hesitation in making the experiment. We are more than pleased with the article. We read with less fatigue with these lens than any we had ever tried before; and we see more distinctly with them. Without meaning to disparage the claims of others who have made improvements in Spectacle Lens, we deem it but just to make the above statement. Mr. Tobias resides on Seventh street, opposite the National Intelligencer office."

Lynchegue, Nov. 1, 1854.

From an examination of Mr. Tobias's Glasses and from his observations and remarks, am convinced that he is a skilful optician.

J. J. Blackford, M. D.

In the experience of even two great difficulty in obtaining Spectacles two exactly adapted to the weakness of my sight. This inconvenience Mr. Tobias seems to have removed for the present by the substitution for me of better and more suitable Glasses. They are clear, crystallike, and comfort able to my eyes. I would commend him to those who, from age or other infirmity, require artificial aid in this way.

J. J. Simkins, M. D.

Sin: The pair of spectacles you furnished me yes-erday are particularly satisfactory to me. They are erry decidedly the best I possess, and I am the owner of eight or nine pairs, carefully selected in different places, and from opticians recommended to me on acvery decidedly the best I possess, and I am the ow of eight or nine pairs, carefully selected in differ places, and from opticians recommended to me on count of their professional standing in France, I land, and the United States. I have been also ples with your remarks and directions on the treats of the eyes for the purpose of preserving and imp ing the sight.

the sight.
Respectfully yours, Chas. Caldwall, Professor of M. C., Louisville, Ky.

Washington, Aug. 8, 1855.

Having been for years under the necessity of having two sets of glasses—one for use in the daylight, and one for lamp light—I procured one set from Mr. Tobias which answered both purposes. I have used his for several months, and find them excellent.

Enway Stylens,

PRERENURG, October 21, 1854.

About five years ago, I obtained from Mr. Tobias in Washington, a pair of Glasses for the Spectacles which I used, and found them of great assistance to my decaying vision; and my opinion of him is that he is skilled in the preparation of glasses for eyes not too far gone to be benefitted by such aid.

J. F. MAY. See for more testimonials, the Evening Star. an 10-tf

FREDERICK FEMALE SEMINARY,
FREDERICK CITY, MD.

SCHOLARS will be received at any time during the year, and will be charged from the date of their entrance to the end of the scholastic year. The last of January would be a most appropriate time for them to commence.

This Institution has steadily and permanently increased in numbers for the last eleven years, until the present capacious edifice, which is 50 feet front, 90 feet deep, and four stories high, became entirely inadequate to the growing wants of the school.

In August last, the Trustees commenced another building of the same size and external appearance on the west side of the present edifice. This building is now under roof, and will be ready for occupancy early in the apring.

is now under roof, and will be ready for occupancy carly in the spring.

This addition will give us the largest and most beautiful exhibition room in the city, six large processor's rooms, eighteen additional high, airy lodging rooms, and the whole of the high basement will be sitted up for a gymnasium for the young ladies to exercise in during inclement weather. These improvements make it one of the most extensive and complete establishments in the United States.

This Institution has an able and efficient Board of frofessors and Teachers, a good Library, excellent fusical Instruments, an extensive Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus, and it is confidently believed that it offers as many facilities for imparting a horough, extensive, and refined education as any eminary in the land.

The school is not sectarian, on the contrary, the toung ladies are strictly required to attend such tharch as parents designate, accompanied always by Teacher.

For Board and Tuittee installed.

Teacher.
For Board and Tuition, including furnished Room lights, Fuel, Washing, etc., \$200 per scholast year; psyable half yearly in advance.
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JOHN L. SMITH Washington, D. C.

IMPORTANT PROSPECTUS!

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knowledge of the Holy Scriptures," and now revised, corrected, and brought down to the present time, by Samuel Prideaux Tregelles, LLD., author of "Remarks on the Printed Text of the Greek New Testament," Ac.

Every number embellished with two or more of Nelson's elegant colored "Bible Views," or other Pictures—forming in whole a most interesting and valuable combination for the instruction and profit of all conditions of the people.

Regular publication to commence (D. V.) September 1, 1857. The work will be divided into 10 or 12 Parts, making 1800 or 1800 pages in all; one Part, averaging 150 or 160 pages, appearing every ten days or two weeks, so as to complete the whole by the coming in of the New Year. Price 50 cents a part, or \$5 for the whole work—post-paid.

The First Number, Matthew, with Index, Introduction, and Plates, makes 187 pages. This number is now ready, having been issued in advance, as a specimen. It will be forwarded, post-paid, to any person disposed to act as an Agent, for 40 cents a copy, or three copies for \$1.

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NEW PROSPECTUS. STOCKTON'S BOOK AND JOURNAL: A NEW DOLLAR MONTHLY MAGAZINE. Begun January, 1857.

H. STOCKTON, HAVING REMOVED from BALTIMORE to PHILADRIPHIA, and transferred the publication of the Bible in Separate Volumes, the Bible Tracts, and Bible Times, to the latter city, now also issues a Dollar Monthly Magazine, called "STOCKTON'S BOOK AND JOURNAL." I. THE BOOK DEPARTMENT.

The "Book" department opens a Select Series of

I. SERMONS FOR THE PEOPLE; II. LECTURES FOR THE PEOPLE; III. ADDRESSES FOR THE PEOPLE; IV. MISCELLANIES FOR THE PEOPLE, V. POEMS FOR THE PEOPLE.

II. THE JOURNAL DEPARTMENT. The "JOURNAL" department opens a Variety of riefer Articles, both Original and Selected, to con-

BIBLICAL EXPOSITIONS AND ILLUSTRATIONS; AUTOBIOGRAPHIC RECORDS AND REMINISCENCES; LITERARY NOTICES; BIBLIOGRAPHICAL COLLECTIONS;

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL COLLECTIONS;
PULPIT AND PASTORAL LESSONS;
ORATORICAL AND LITERARY, LOGICAL, AND RHETORICAL CRITICISMS
SKETCHES OF CHARACTER, SCENERY, AND INCI-

DENTS; POETRY, APRORISMS, &c., &c. THE MARCH NUMBER.

THE MARCH NUMBER.

The March number of the "Book and Journal" commences a New Series of "Sermons for the People." Of the former series, Five Editions have been issued, and it is hoped that the New Series will prove worthy of still more extensive circulation. Subscriptions are coming in constantly.

The Subject of the New series is, "The Peerless Magnificence of the Word of God; or, the Supremacy of the Bible, as the only Sensible, Infallible, and Divine Authority on Earth." The Text is—"Thou hast magnified Thy word above all Thy name."—Ps. exxxviii, 2. The Design is to assert and maintain the distinctive character of the Bible, as, from beginning to end, the Book of Christ, and, as such, the Mediatorial Law of the World.

In a word, the "Book and Journal" is designed to be

POPULAR, INTERESTING, AND USEFUI PERIODICAL,

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TIME.—The Book and Journal is issued Montly.
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T. H. STOCKTON,

SECOND VOLUME BIBLE TIMES. The Second Volume of the BIBLE TIMES, a small, neat, Monthly Newspaper, edited by T. H. Stockton, and devoted to all Bible Interests in Church and State, commences with January, 1857. Price, only Twenty-five Cents for the Year.

Address as above.

CARD. RETURNING MY SINCERE THANKS TO MY patronage, I will take this opportunity to inform all, that from the 1st day of August, 1857, I have closed my books entirely, and nothing more can be charged under any circumstances; my object in so doing is to enable me to sell at smaller profits, and offer greater inducements to purchasers.

I would most respectfully solicit a call from all, as I can confidently assert, from the recent large purchases I have made, my stock is decidedly larger, cheaper, and better than it has ever been before; and by selling for cash alone, I believe I can make it a saving to all to give me a call before purchasing.

F. M. MAGRUDER,
Boot and Shoe store, No. 379, corner 7th and I st.

Boot and Shoe store, No. 979, corner 7th and I st. aged 101 years and 9 days.

From the German of Heine.

but these laws are not enforced, and consequently disregarded—openly violated—shamefully set at aught, and the officers whose duty it is to enorce the laws laughed at and derided, or worse still, are parties to the fraud against the city government, and enemies to the peace and quiet of the city-hand and glove with those who halitually spend that day in drinking, carousing, dencing, fighting, and gambling through its sacred hours-who make no secret of their shame, but openly boast their violation of the law of God and man, and tauntingly proclaim

their right, and privilege to spend their own time in their own way, the law of man and the law of God to the contrary notwithstanding.

He would hear the sound of music and the shufing of busy feet moving in the merry dance, and would hear loud and boisterous conversation, and cursing and swearing; and, if he could underst ind the lingo, obscene and vulgar epithets, interpreted by equally low and disgraceful, and vulgar actions. All this he would hear, and see, and feel, on the Sabbath day in Washington. known -it still exists, not alone on Capitol Hillbut in many other places known as "Lager Beer

In another portion of the city, on the Sabbath lay, not quite a mile from the above place, and within sight and hearing, may be seen, regularly, semblages of men, armed with bandys, engaged in the classical game of shinny, making the air esound with their cries of exultation and defeat as victory perches upon one side or the other. And here, too, may be seen women, spectators of the exciting scene, whose noisy clamors help to make hideous the hours of the day of rest. It not unfrequently happens, in this locality, that the andies are converted into shellalies, and faction vitted against faction, engage in a regular fight

which the women, slipping off their aprons which they use artistically, with a stone fastened if the centre, participate with the fury of demons It was not always thus! The day of holy rest vas once observed with, at least, a decent regard to outward observance. Time was, when even God delying men and women, were compelled, from a decent regard to public opinion, to restrain their wicked propensities, and to respect the lanes and the feelings of others, however little they felt it to be their duty to keep holy the Sabbath day. This state of things was bad enough-but we have been going from bad to worse. Our children have been led away by the example of hose whom we have permitted to find a home nong us. Gradually and imperceptibly, they have, by evil example, and witnessing the impu-nity with which the laws have been violated, and heir preconceived notions of propriety and duty at at nought and trampled upon-lost their venera tion and regard for the sacred day—and now, the children of American parents, imitating the eximple of these transatlantic constitutional voters, th own off parental restraint, and imitate the per ni ious example of those who, in their own land, arded not the Sabbath day-to keep it holyat were taught to look upon it as a day of recreation and pleasure, and amusement-a day for drinking, and carousing, and dancing-instead of attending the worship of that Being, who has com manded that it be kept holy-and who have come to our land, bringing with them those practices and habits—the result of education—to scatter mon - American youth, the seeds of disobedienc opprents and to the laws of the land. People of Washington, you know these things

are so. Will you apply a remedy? Elect men to office who will faithfully administer the laws, and the evil is, in part at least, remedied. But so long es you place men in power who look no higher han party, and who consider the success of their political friends paramount to any other consideration, and who prostitute their influence to that end-who act upon the principle that the end justifies the means-who do not hesitate to com mit murder to secure success, and who pander to the vices of the most depraved and vicious-so long will this evil continue and increase, until we hall become a nation of drunkards and Salbath

Joshua Pierce died last week in Hudson, N. H.

NO. 20.

Tyranny of the Catholic Priesthood.

From the German of Heine.

A horseman through the mountain pass Proceeds in slint gloom:

"And haste I to my love's embrace, Or to the dusky fromb,"

The mountain voice replies—

"The dusky tomb,"

And onward still the horseman rides With gloomy thoughts opprest, "And shall I reach the grave as coon."

Well—in the grave is rest."

The voice again replies—

"The grave is rest."

The tears fall from the horseman's eyes, And on his pale check rest; "Since only death dan comfort me, "The grave is rest."

The grave is rest."

The grave is rest.

"Since only death dan comfort me, "The grave is rest."

The grave is rest."

"The tears fall from the horseman's eyes. And on his pale onche free is fost."

"The grave is rest."

"The tears fall from the free is defined to the continuation of the grave is fost."

"The grave is rest."

"The grave is rest."

"Th

Swedish Works.—The bedding, everywhere along the road, is of home-made linen, and I do along the road, is of home-made linen, and I do not recollect an instance where it has not been brought out fresh and sweet from the press for use. In this, as in all other household arrangements, the people are very tidy and cleanly, though a little deficient as regards their own persons. Their clothing, however, is of a healthy, substantial character, and the women consult comfort rather than ornament. Many of them wear cloth pantaloons under their petticoats, which, therefore, they are able to gather under their arms in wading through snow-drifts. I have not seen a low-necked dress or thin shee north of Stockholm.

"The damsel who trips at daybreak."

Stockholm.

"The damsel who trips at daybreak, Is shod like a mountaineer;"
yet a sensible man would sooner take such a damsel to wife than any delicate Cinderella of the ball room. I protest I lose all patience when I think of the habits of our American women, more especially our country girls. If ever the Saxon race does deteriorate on the American side of the Atlantic, as some ethnologists anticipate it will be lantic, as some ethnologists anticipate, it will be wholly their fault.—Bayard Teglor in Northern

TEA AS A SUMMER DRINK .- Frederick writing from Russin, to the Household Words. concealment. This thing is known to the authorities, is known to the police, and has long been color, in which floats a thin slice of lemon. It is tea—the most delicious, the most soothing, the most thirst-allaying drink you can have in summer time, and in Russia." Tea flavored with the slice of a lemon we have never tried; neither are we prepared to recommend it as a summer beverage, tea steaming hot, as Sala does. But tea made strong, (as we like it, or as strong as you like it,) well sweetened, with good milk, or better, cream in it, in sufficient quantity to give it a dark yellow color, and the whole mixture cooled in an ice chest to the temperature of ice water, is "the most soothing, the most thirst-allaying drink" we have ever treated ourselves or friends to.

We know nothing to compare with it for deliciousness or refreshment. It cheers, but not into the compare with it for deliciousness or refreshment. It cheers, but not into the control of a lemon we have never tried; neither are we

coolness you could get out of your fesh and sit in your bones, try our specific of ice-cold tea. Ice cream is the only preparation fit to be mentioned

with our cold tea

A BRAUTIFUL EXTRACT-LABOR. - Why, man of idleness, labor rocked you in the cradle, and has nourished your pampered life; without it, the woven silks and wool upon your back would be in the fold. For the meanest thing that ministers to human want, save the air of heaven, man is in-debted to toil; and even the air, by God's ordi-nation, is breathed with labor. It is only the drones who toil not, who infest the hive of activity like masses of corruption and decay. The lords of the earth are working men, who can build up or cast down at their will, and who retort the sneer of the "soft hand," by pointing to their tro-phies, wherever art, science, civilization, and hu-manity are known. Work on, man of toil! thy royalty is yet to be acknowledged as labor rises onward to the highest throne of power. Work

on, and in the language of a true poet, be "A glorious man! and thy renows shall be Borne by the winds and waters three all time While there's a keel to carry it on the sea

From clime to clime, Or God ordains that idleness is crime."

WHO SHALL HAVE THE PRIZE?-There was once to be a meeting of the flowers, and the judge was to award a prize to the one pronounced the most beautiful. "Who shall have the prize?" said the beautiful. "Who shall have the prize?" said the rose, stalking forward in all the consciousness of beauty. "Who shall have the prize?" said the other flowers, advancing, each filled with conscious pride, and each imagining that it would be herself. "I will take a peep at those beauties," thought the violet, as she lay in her humble bed, not presuming to attend the meeting—"I will see them as they pass;" but, as she raised her lowly head to peep out of her hiding place, she was observed by the judge, who pronounced her the most beautiful because the most modest.

EXTRAORDINARY OBESITY .- We find in the Nash

Extraordinary Obssity.—We find in the Nashville Journal of Medicine and Surgery, August 1857, the following particulars respecting Miles Darden, whose size may appear almost fabulous, but the facts seem well vouched for:

"Mr. Darden was born in North Carolina, in 1708, and died at his residence in Henderson county, Tennessee, January 23, 1857. He was seven feet six inches high. In 1845 he weighed 871 pounds, and at his death a fraction over one thousand pounds, and was unquestionably the thousand pounds, and was unquestionably the largest man in the world, and since those days in which there were giants, the largest man the world has produced. Up to 1853, he was quite active and lively, and labored; after which, his fat increasing, he was compelled to stay at home or be hauled about in a two-horse wagon. It required thirteen and a half yards of flax cloth a yard wide to make him a coat. It required six-teen yards of cambric for his shroud, and twentyTHEFALLERICAN

"THE AMERICAN,

Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning. Price, per week, Five Cents, psyable to the Agents. Mail subscribers 28 a year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Fire lines or less, one insertion, twenty-cents; each additional line Fire cents. Each additional insertion, half the above rates.

Displayed advertisements charged by solid meas-

All compa. he directed to this paper, muss. ENTON. C. W. washington City, D. C.

THE ARKANSAS MAN WHO HAD NEV.

"A what?"
"Piano-forte!"
"Never heern of them 'ere things before.
Where mought it be, stranger?"
"In the lower cabin, sir."
"Mought I take a look at the thing?"
"Certainly, sir, walk down."

"Certainly, sir, walk down."

The Arkansas man needed no further invitation.

He went "down stairs" into the cabin, where two tables were laid out for dinner. Walking up the narrow passage between them, he swept off knives and forks by the swing of his coat flaps, but so intent was he upon the music and piano at the farther end of the cabin, that he heeded not the ruin he created.

farther end of the cabin, that he heeded not the ruin he created. Approaching the instrument he literally devoured it with his eyes. The young lady who was seated at it continued playing, and the "stranger" was wrapped in silent wonder. At length when the sounds ceased, he raised his cap respectfully and addressed the audience.

"Ladies, I'm much obliged to you for the kindness you have done me. I never hearn one of them afore, and never 'spect to agin."

"You appear to be very much pleased with it," observed a lady.

"Why, yes, madam, I am—somewhat—and perhaps I should like it better if I had an ear for masic—like my brother. Yes, I like it well—enough—but it my brother Dick could only hear that 'ere—thing—ladies, he'd tear his shirt and fall right thru' it."

SUGGESTIVE.—" Sam, why don't you talk to our master, and tell him to lay up treasure in Heaven?"

"What's de use of his layin' up his treasure "What's de use of his layin' up his treasure dare? He neber see um again."

Wonder if that's the reason so many professing Obristians are afraid to lay up treasure in Heaven.

Never see it again! There it would be a dead loss—we mean the money. "Where your freasure is, there will your heart be also." The treasure is, there will your heart be also." The treasure is here, and here the heart is. The heart is not in Heaven, and the treasure cannot be trusted there. The fine gold would be dim removed to so great a distance, so strange a vault for safekeeping! A beautiful inscription, it is said, may be found in an Italian grave yard—

"Here lies Etella, who transported a large fortune to Heaven in acts of charity, and has gone thither to enjoy it."

The following might be written on many a Christian grave stone.

hristian grave stone "It was my pleasure and my pride".
To show the world how rich I died."
Substituting fat for rich, and it would answer
well for the headstone for a headstone for an

"They that will be rich," (1 Tim., vi., 9, 10.) are very apt to go—well, never mind; but that's what St. Paul thinks of it. "How hardly shall they that have riches enter the kingdom of Heaven." "What's do use ob layin' up treasure in Heaven." Neber see um again!" Cuffee, thou hast spoken wisely and well!—Richmond Christian Adequation.

Wm. S. Williams, son of a grocer at Wheeling was arrested at that place on Tuesday last, charged with being the person who, a few days since, obtained, through a young man, named McLain, the contents of the post office bag of the Manufac-turers and Mechanics' Bank of Wheeling. He as arrested while sitting at the breakfast table, an hour or two after his marriage with a respecta-ble young lady, and was on the point of starting on his wedding tour. It is said that although apparently not over twenty-one years of age, he was all married once before, and had served out a term con in the penitentary at Albany, N. Y.

Boys are sometimes endowed with remarkable memories. We knew a family in this city consisting to old. They were sitting one evening around the table, engaged in telling each other how far back they could recollect. The little girl recollected when she had a "doll that cried." The boy here spoke up and said that he recollected worse than that. "How worse," chimed in half a dozen voices in a breath. "Why, I recollect four weeks afore I was born, and I cried all the time for fear I'd be galf"- Exchange.

THAY'S So .- Mr. Walton, in the Obio Cultivator, says that "a man may read two hours a day and make more wheat, corn, and money, than the man who don't read any." We will add, that an intelligent man can, by reason of his intelligence, plough and hoe and reap three times as to much as an ignorant man, even though he have ess physical strength and takes no steam-water, and if any one asks for proof of this assertion, From the 8th of July to the 23d of August, out arrange

of 2,494 cases of cholera in the city of Guatemals, 1,039 proved fatal; and it is supposed 150 more were not reported. Besides the United States Minister, Mr. E. Venable, the wife of President Carrera was one of the victims, Mr. Venable Carrera was one of the victims. air, venance arrived out on the 1st of August, and died on the 22d, before he had presented his credentials. He represented his credentials. He represented his credentials. There is nothing purer than honesty-nothing

sweeter than charity—nothing warmer than love—out-nothing richer than wisdom—nothing brighter much than virtue—and nothing more steadfast than These united in one mind form the purest the

sweetest, the warmest, the richest, the brightest, and the most steadfast happiness. To Young MEN .- Never marry a girl who is fond of being always in the street, who is fond of running to night meeting who has a jewelled hand and an empty head. who will see her mother work and toil while she lays in bed and reads

work and toil while she lays in neu and town T. Oscar Lewis was arrested last week in Joe Davis's county, Illinois, on a charge of embezzling

letters containing large sums of money, from the post office at Melmore, Ohio. General William T. Haskell, of Tennessee, has ees conveyed to the lunstic asylum in Lexington,

Ky., violently and hopelessly insane. The number of journals of all kinds published in Paris is 519. Of these only 40 are dedicated to politics; the remaining 470 relate to literature, arts, seience, and finance.

Mrs. Rush, of Philadelphia, so well known to the habitues of Saratoga, is detained there yet, in the United States Hotel, by a dangerous illness, which forbids her removal to Philadelphia. Her hus-

and, Dr. Rush, has been with her for A bright young mulatto, who was a coachman to Governor Wise, passed through Oswego last week on the Underground Railroad.